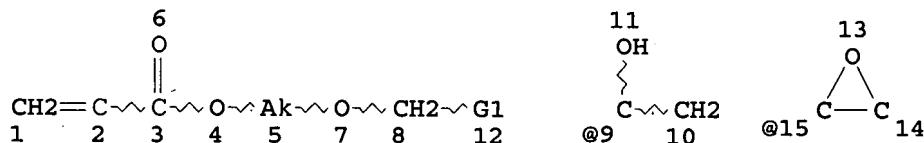


=> d que 117
 L1 STR



VAR G1=9/15

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 5

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

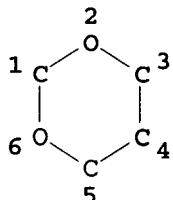
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 15

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L2 320 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1
 L15 STR



NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

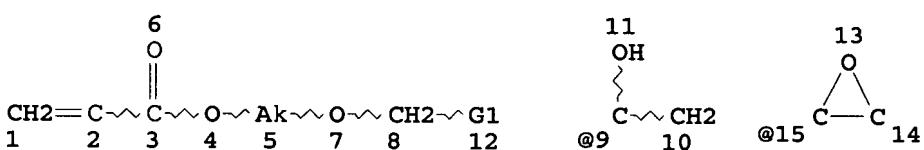
RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 6

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L17 0 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L2 SSS FUL L15

=> d que 119
 L1 STR



VAR G1=9/15

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

CONNECT IS E2 RC AT 5

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

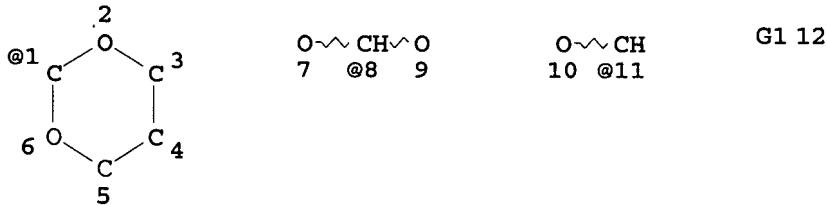
GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 15

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L2 320 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1
L6 STR



VAR G1=1/8/11

NODE ATTRIBUTES:

DEFAULT MLEVEL IS ATOM

DEFAULT ECLEVEL IS LIMITED

GRAPH ATTRIBUTES:

RSPEC I

NUMBER OF NODES IS 12

STEREO ATTRIBUTES: NONE

L8 320 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SUB=L2 SSS FUL L6
L9 268 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L8 NOT 1-100/N
L10 220 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L9 NOT 1-100/SI
L11 217 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 NOT 1-100/P
L13 175 SEA FILE=REGISTRY ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 NOT 1-100/X
L18 137 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L13
L19 24 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L18 AND (PHOTORESIS? OR
PHOTOSENSIT?)

=> d 119 1-24 ibib ed abs hitstr hitind

L19 ANSWER 1 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STM

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:213446 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:275414

TITLE: Active ray-curable hyperbranched polymers with
good curability

INVENTOR(S): Hamasaki, Ryo; Kizumoto, Hirotoshi; Yatsuka,
Takeshi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyo Boseki Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 44 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

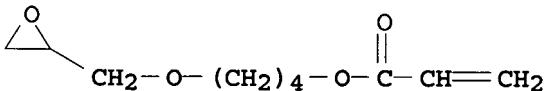
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2006025236	A1	20060309	WO 2005-JP15337	20050824
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KM, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NG, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SM, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA,			

UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW
 RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU,
 IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, LV, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR,
 BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD,
 TG, BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM,
 ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2004-257161 A 20040903

ED Entered STN: 09 Mar 2006
 AB Title polymers suitable for resists can be sufficiently cured in the exposed portion even when it is irradiated with an active ray of low energy, thereby enabling to obtain a desired developed pattern at high rate. Specifically disclosed is a resin having an unsatd. bond group wherein a photosensitizing group is introduced into a hyperbranched structure. The hyperbranched structure is composed of a polycondensation product of an AB_x-type mol., wherein A, B = organic groups having different functional groups which are chemical reactive with each other through condensation reaction or addition reaction and x = ≥2 integer. Thus, 136 parts pentaerythritol and 1776 parts dimethylolbutanoic acid were reacted at 100° in the presence of 21 parts p-toluenesulfonic acid, 100 parts toluene was added therein and heated at 140° for 5 h to give a hyperbranched polymer with acid value 14 equiv/ton and Mn 1500, 1000 parts of which was dissolved in 1000 parts propylene glycol monomethyl ether acetate, 794 parts maleic anhydride and 5.5 parts triethylamine were added therein and reacted at 80° for 3 h, 1350 parts 4-hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether and 27 parts triphenylphosphine were added therein and reacted at 115° for 4 h, 120 parts benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride was added therein and reacted at 115° for 4 h to give an active ray-curable hyperbranched polymer with Mn 4700, acid value 34 mg-KOH/g, glass transition temperature 5°, and unsatd. bond concentration 4500 equiv/ton, 80 parts of which was mixed with trimethylolpropane triacrylate 20, Irgacure 651 4, and Michler's ketone 1 parts, showing good curability.
 IT 119692-59-0DP, 4-Hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether, reaction products with hydroxy-containing hyperbranched polymers and dianhydrides, polymers with acrylic monomers (hyperbranched; active ray-curable hyperbranched polymers with good curability)
 RN 119692-59-0 HCPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 4-(2-oxiranylmethoxy)butyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 38-3 (Plastics Fabrication and Uses)
 Section cross-reference(s): 74
 IT 85-43-8DP, Tetrahydrophthalic anhydride, reaction products with hydroxy-containing hyperbranched polymers, glycidyl methacrylate, and Ph glycidyl ether, polymers with acrylic monomers 106-91-2DP, Glycidyl methacrylate, reaction products with hydroxy-containing hyperbranched polymers and Ph glycidyl ether, polymers with acrylic monomers 106-91-2DP, Glycidyl methacrylate, reaction products with hydroxy-containing hyperbranched polymers, glycidyl compds., and octenyl succinic anhydride, polymers with acrylic monomers 108-31-6DP, Maleic anhydride, reaction products with hydroxy-containing hyperbranched polymers, glycidoxbyutyl acrylate and dianhydrides, polymers with

acrylic monomers 122-60-1DP, Phenyl glycidyl ether, reaction products with hydroxy-containing hyperbranched polymers and glycidyl methacrylate, polymers with acrylic monomers 716-39-2DP, Naphthalene-2,3-dicarboxylic anhydride, reaction products with hydroxy-containing hyperbranched polymers, glycidoxbyutyl acrylate, and Ph glycidyl ether, polymers with acrylic monomers 930-37-0DP, Methyl glycidyl ether; reaction products with hydroxy-containing hyperbranched polymers, Ph glycidyl ether, and maleic anhydride, polymers with acrylic monomers 2420-87-3DP, [5,5'-Biisobenzofuran]-1,1',3,3'-tetrone, reaction products with hydroxy and unsatd. bond-containing hyperbranched polymers, polymers with acrylic monomers 2421-28-5DP, Benzophenonetetracarboxylic dianhydride, reaction products with hydroxy and unsatd. bond-containing hyperbranched polymers, polymers with acrylic monomers 15448-58-5DP, reaction products with hydroxy-containing hyperbranched polymers and glycidoxbyutyl acrylate, polymers with acrylic monomers 15625-89-5DP, Trimethylolpropane triacrylate, polymers with unsatd. bond-containing hyperbranched polymers 25134-21-8DP, Methylnadic anhydride, reaction products with hydroxy-containing hyperbranched polymers and maleic anhydride, polymers with acrylic monomers 25377-73-5DP, Dodecetyl succinic anhydride, reaction products with hydroxy-containing hyperbranched polymers, glycidoxbyutyl acrylate and dianhydrides, polymers with acrylic monomers 26590-20-5DP, Methyltetrahydrophthalic anhydride, reaction products with hydroxy-containing hyperbranched polymers, glycidyl compds., glycidoxbyutyl acrylate, and maleic anhydride, polymers with acrylic monomers 26680-54-6DP, Octenyl succinic anhydride, reaction products with hydroxy-containing hyperbranched polymers, anhydrides, glycidyl ether compds., and maleic anhydride, polymers with acrylic monomers 47758-37-2DP, reaction products with hydroxy-containing hyperbranched polymers, glycidoxbyutyl acrylate, and maleic anhydride, polymers with acrylic monomers 119692-59-0DP, 4-Hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether, reaction products with hydroxy-containing hyperbranched polymers and dianhydrides, polymers with acrylic monomers 121174-67-2DP, 9-Glycidyl Anthracene, reaction products with hydroxy-containing hyperbranched polymers and glycidoxbyutyl acrylate, polymers with acrylic monomers 873427-51-1DP, Dimethylolbutanoic acid-pentaerythritol copolymer, reaction products with anhydrides, glycidoxbyutyl acrylate and dianhydrides, polymers with acrylic monomers 878140-19-3DP, reaction products with anhydrides, glycidyl methacrylate and Ph glycidyl ether, polymers with acrylic monomers 878140-20-6DP, reaction products with anhydrides, glycidyl ether compds., and maleic anhydride, polymers with acrylic monomers 878140-21-7DP, reaction products with anhydrides, glycidyl compds., and maleic anhydride, polymers with acrylic monomers 878140-22-8DP, reaction products with hydroxy-containing hyperbranched polymers, maleic anhydride, and glycidyl compds., polymers with acrylic monomers 878140-23-9DP, reaction products with anhydrides, glycidyl compds., glycidyl methacrylate, and octenyl succinic anhydride, polymers with acrylic monomers

(hyperbranched; active ray-curable hyperbranched polymers with good curability)

REFERENCE COUNT: 14 THERE ARE 14 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 2 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:51180 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 144:138939

TITLE: Hyperbranched resins and negative UV photoresists therewith having extreme high

INVENTOR(S): sensitivity at low dose
 Kitsumoto, Hirotoshi; Yatsuka, Takeshi; Hamazaki, Akira

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyobo Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 14 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2006016534	A	20060119	JP 2004-196868	20040702
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2004-196868	20040702

ED Entered STN: 19 Jan 2006

AB The resins have unsatd. bond-holding hyperbranched structures, preferably prepared from mols. KR'(RmL)_n [R = C<20 bivalent organic group; R' = C<20 (n + 1)-valent organic group or R''N (R'' = C<20 bivalent organic group); K, L = ester-forming functional groups (K ≠ L); m = 0, 1; n ≥ 2] and satisfying unsatd. bond concentration ≥500 equiv/ton. Photorests containing the resins and initiators are further claimed.

IT 873427-53-3P

(hyperbranched; hyperbranched resins and neg. UV photorests therewith having extreme high sensitivity)

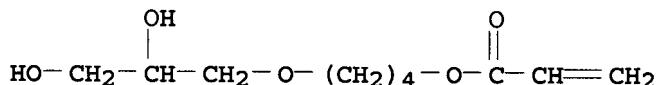
RN 873427-53-3 HCPLUS

CN Butanoic acid, bis(hydroxymethyl)-, homopolymer, ester with 2,2-bis(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol, hydrogen (2Z)-2-butenedioate, 2-hydroxy-3-[4-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]butoxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 251298-12-1

CMF C10 H18 O5



CM 2

CRN 873427-52-2

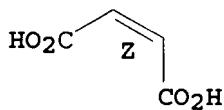
CMF (C6 H12 O4)x . x C5 H12 O4 . x C4 H4 O4

CM 3

CRN 110-16-7

CMF C4 H4 O4

Double bond geometry as shown.

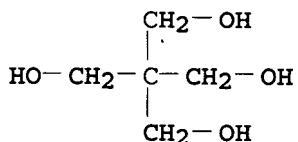


CM 4

CRN 873427-51-1
 CMF (C₆ H₁₂ O₄)_x . x C₅ H₁₂ O₄

CM 5

CRN 115-77-5
 CMF C₅ H₁₂ O₄

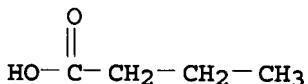


CM 6

CRN 866007-73-0
 CMF (C₆ H₁₂ O₄)_x
 CCI PMS

CM 7

CRN 56743-27-2
 CMF C₆ H₁₂ O₄
 CCI IDS



2 [D1-CH₂-OH]

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
 Section cross-reference(s): 38
 ST hyperbranched polyester neg UV photoresist sensitivity;
 dimethylolbutanoic acid hyperbranched polyester photoresist
 IT Negative photoresists
 (UV; hyperbranched resins and neg. UV photoresists
 therewith having extreme high sensitivity)
 IT Polyesters, preparation
 (acrylate-terminated, hyperbranched, unsatd. group-containing;

hyperbranched resins and neg. UV photoresists therewith having extreme high sensitivity)

IT Polyoxyalkylenes, preparation
(epoxy-polyester-, hyperbranched; hyperbranched resins and neg. UV photoresists therewith having extreme high sensitivity)

IT Polyesters, preparation
(epoxy-polyoxyalkylene-, hyperbranched; hyperbranched resins and neg. UV photoresists therewith having extreme high sensitivity)

IT Polyesters, preparation
(hyperbranched, unsatd. group-containing; hyperbranched resins and neg. UV photoresists therewith having extreme high sensitivity)

IT Dendritic polymers
(hyperbranched; hyperbranched resins and neg. UV photoresists therewith having extreme high sensitivity)

IT Epoxy resins, preparation
(polyester-polyoxyalkylene-, hyperbranched; hyperbranched resins and neg. UV photoresists therewith having extreme high sensitivity)

IT 15625-89-5, Trimethylolpropane triacrylate
(hyperbranched resins and neg. UV photoresists therewith having extreme high sensitivity)

IT 873427-52-2P 873427-53-3P 873428-02-5P 873428-04-7P
873428-06-9P
(hyperbranched; hyperbranched resins and neg. UV photoresists therewith having extreme high sensitivity)

IT 24650-42-8, Irgacure 651
(initiators; hyperbranched resins and neg. UV photoresists therewith having extreme high sensitivity)

L19 ANSWER 3 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:697110 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:163099

TITLE: Photosensitive resin composition with excellent photosensitivity and cured product thereof

INVENTOR(S): Koyanagi, Hiroo; Tanaka, Ryutaro; Kametani, Hideaki

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Kayaku Kabushiki Kaisha, Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 29 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

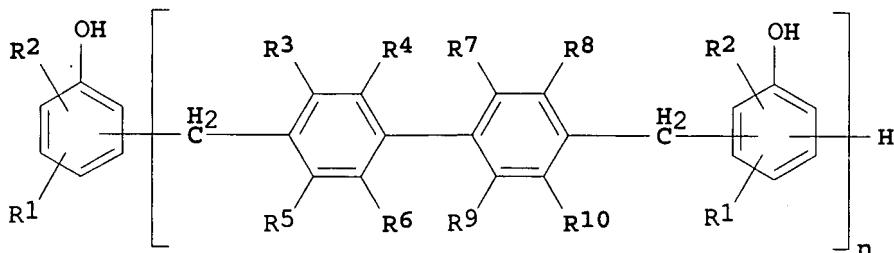
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005071489	A1	20050804	WO 2005-JP761	20050121
W:	AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW			
RW:	BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LT, LU, MC,			

NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA,
GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG
CA 2552905 A1 20050804 CA 2005-2552905 20050121
EP 1710626 A1 20061011 EP 2005-703982 20050121
R: CH, DE, ES, GB, IT, LI
CN 1910519 A 20070207 CN 2005-80003090 20050121
JP 2004-16751 A 20040126
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: WO 2005-JP761 W 20050121

ED Entered STN: 05 Aug 2005
GI



I

AB Disclosed is a **photosensitive resin composition** with excellent **photosensitivity** whose cured product is excellent in adhesiveness, pencil hardness, solvent resistance, acid resistance, heat resistance, gold plating resistance, HAST (highly accelerated temperature and humidity stress test) properties, flame retardance, flexibility and the like. Also disclosed is such a cured product. A **photosensitive resin composition** is characterized by comprising a reaction product (A) of a compound (a) represented by the formula I ($n = 1-20$; R₁, R₂ = H, halo, C₁₋₄-alkyl; R₃, R₅, R₈, R₁₀ = H, halo, methyl, R₄, R₆, R₇, R₉ = H, methyl), a compound (b) having an ethylenically unsatd. group and a glycidyl group in a mol. and a polybasic acid anhydride (c), a crosslinking agent (B) and a photopolymn. initiator (C). Also disclosed is a cured product of such a **photosensitive resin composition**

IT 860022-07-7P 860022-08-8P 860022-09-9P

IT 860022-07-7P 860022-08-8P 860022-09-9P

(photosensitive resin composition with excellent photosensitivity suitable for printed circuit board fabrication)

RN 860022-07-7 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 4-(oxiranylmethoxy)butyl ester, polymer with MEH
7851SS (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

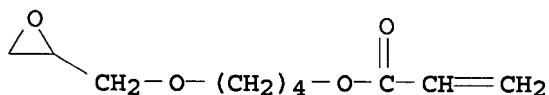
CM 1

CRN 363137-30-8
CMF Unspecified
CCI PMS, MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 119692-59-0
CMF C10 H16 O4



RN 860022-08-8 HCPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 4-(oxiranylmethoxy)butyl ester, polymer with MEH 7851-3H and 3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydro-1,3-isobenzofurandione (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

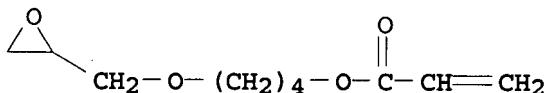
CM 1

CRN 477290-92-9
CMF Unspecified
CCI PMS, MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

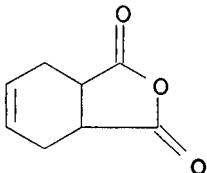
CM 2

CRN 119692-59-0
CMF C10 H16 O4



CM 3

CRN 85-43-8
CMF C8 H8 O3



RN 860022-09-9 HCPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 4-(oxiranylmethoxy)butyl ester, polymer with dihydro-2,5-furandione and MEH 7851-3H (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 477290-92-9
CMF Unspecified

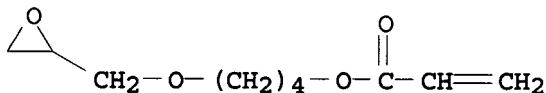
CCI PMS, MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 2

CRN 119692-59-0

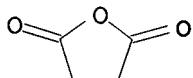
CMF C10 H16 O4



CM 3

CRN 108-30-5

CMF C4 H4 O3



IC ICM G03F007-027

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 76

ST photosensitive resin compn solder resist printed circuit board fabrication

IT Solder resists

(photoresists; photosensitive resin composition with excellent photosensitivity and cured product thereof)

IT Printed circuit boards

(photosensitive resin composition with excellent photosensitivity and cured product thereof)

IT Photoresists

(solder; photosensitive resin composition with excellent photosensitivity and cured product thereof)

IT 93294-97-4, DPCA 60

(crosslinking agent in photosensitive resin composition with excellent photosensitivity suitable for printed circuit board fabrication)

IT 71868-10-5, Irgacure 907 82799-44-8, DETX S

(photopolymer initiator in photosensitive resin composition with excellent photosensitivity suitable for printed circuit board fabrication)

IT 860022-07-7P 860022-08-8P 860022-09-9P

(photosensitive resin composition with excellent photosensitivity suitable for printed circuit board fabrication)

REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 4 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

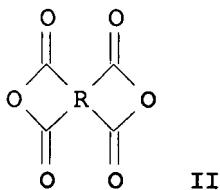
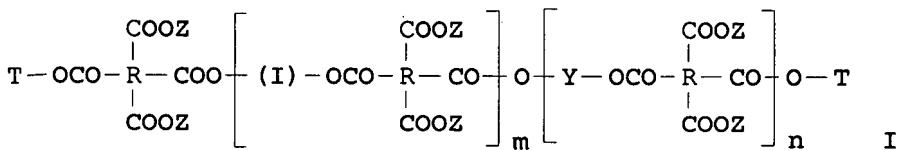
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:141394 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:249442
 TITLE: Alkali-developable radiation curable composition
 INVENTOR(S): Chew, Kong Chin
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Surface Specialties, S. A., Belg.
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 34 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005015309	A2	20050217	WO 2004-EP7731	20040713
WO 2005015309	A3	20050421		
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: MY 2003-2693 A 20030717

ED Entered STN: 18 Feb 2005
 GI



AB The invention provides a radiation curable polymer described as dianhydride- polyol extended epoxy acrylate bearing carboxylic groups, as represented by Formula I (the radiation curable polymer is derived by reacting compound(1), compound (2) and compound (3), optionally further reacting with compound (4) and compound (5); compound (1) has at least 2 secondary hydroxyl groups and at least 2 (meth)acrylate groups; compound (2) is a dianhydride compound of formula II; compound (3) is selected from polyols with at least 2 primary hydroxyl groups; compound (4) is a

monofunctional alc. selected from alkyl alcs. of C2-20, methoxy alkyl alcs. of C2-20, (meth)acrylate compound containing a primary or secondary hydroxyl group; compound (5) is a epoxy containing unsatd. compound); which is useful in alkali-developable **photosensitive** formulations for the fabrication of printed circuit boards or flat panel displays.

IT 844658-24-8P

(alkali-developable radiation curable composition)

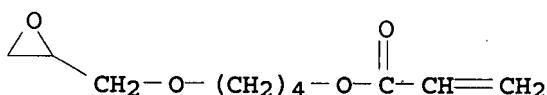
RN 844658-24-8 HCAPLUS

CN Hexanedioic acid, polymer with 1H,3H-benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, 2,2-dimethyl-1,3-propanediol, (1-methylethylidene)bis[4,1-phenyleneoxy(2-hydroxy-3,1-propanediyl)]di-2-propenoate and 4-(oxiranylmethoxy)butyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 119692-59-0

CMF C10 H16 04

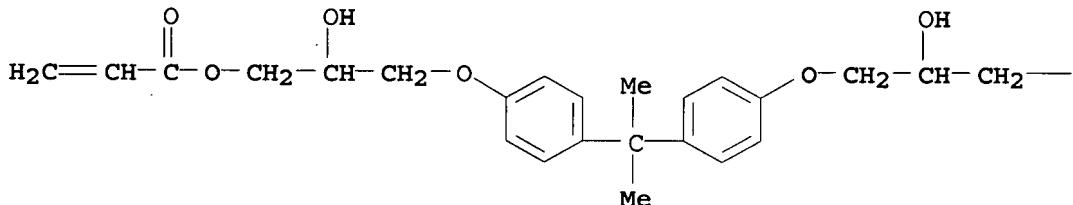


CM 2

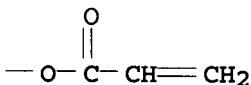
CRN 4687-94-9

CMF C27 H32 08

PAGE 1-A

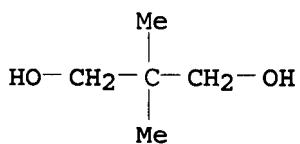


PAGE 1-B



CM 3

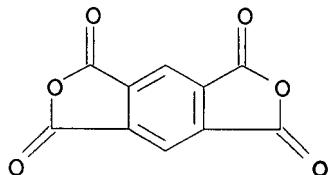
CRN 126-30-7
CMF C5 H12 O2



CM 4

CRN 124-04-9
CMF C6 H10 O4

CM 5

CRN 89-32-7
CMF C10 H2 O6

IC ICM G03F001-00
 CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
 Section cross-reference(s): 35, 38
 IT 844658-23-7P 844658-24-8P 844658-25-9P
 (alkali-developable radiation curable composition)

L19 ANSWER 5 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:931627 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:403471

TITLE: Radiation-curable alkali-soluble resin,
 composition of the resin, composition for solder
 resist, dry film, and printed circuit board

INVENTOR(S): Ono, Takao; Kawai, Manabu; Imai, Shinji

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Tamura Kaken Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 21 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004307710	A	20041104	JP 2003-105359	20030409
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-105359	20030409

ED Entered STN: 06 Nov 2004
 GI

* STRUCTURE DIAGRAM TOO LARGE FOR DISPLAY - AVAILABLE VIA OFFLINE PRINT *

AB The resin is that obtained by reaction of an epoxy resin I (R = organic compound residue after removal of active H; ns are 0-100; sum of ns is 1-100; x = 1-100; part of Y = epoxy group II) and an unsatd. monocarboxylic acid, reaction of the product and a polybasic acid anhydride, and reaction of the product and an ethylenic unsatd. compound having 1 epoxy group, which is contained in the claimed composition. The solder resist contains the composition and the solder resist film is involved in the printed circuit board. The photosensitive dry film is prepared from the composition. Alternatively, the printed circuit board involves a solder resist film made of the cured photosensitive dry film. The composition shows enhanced photosensitivity and resistance to plating of gold.

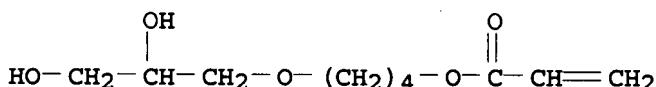
IT 786652-75-3P
 (radiation-curable alkali-soluble epoxy resin for solder resist, dry resist film, and printed circuit board)

RN 786652-75-3 HCPLUS

CN Poly[oxy(oxiranyl-1,2-cyclohexanediyl)], α -hydro- ω -hydroxy-, ether with 2-ethyl-2-(hydroxymethyl)-1,3-propanediol (3:1), hydrogen 4-cyclohexene-1,2-dicarboxylate 2-propenoate, 2-hydroxy-3-[4-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]butoxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 251298-12-1
 CMF C10 H18 O5



CM 2

CRN 129495-67-6
 CMF (C₈ H₁₂ O₂)_n (C₈ H₁₂ O₂)_n (C₈ H₁₂ O₂)_n C₆ H₁₄ O₃ . x C₈ H₁₀ O₄ .
 x C₃ H₄ O₂

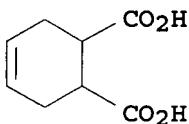
CM 3

CRN 244772-00-7
 CMF (C₈ H₁₂ O₂)_n (C₈ H₁₂ O₂)_n (C₈ H₁₂ O₂)_n C₆ H₁₄ O₃
 CCI IDS, PMS, MAN

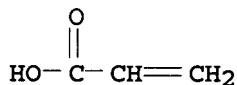
*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

CM 4

CRN 88-98-2
 CMF C₈ H₁₀ O₄



CM 5

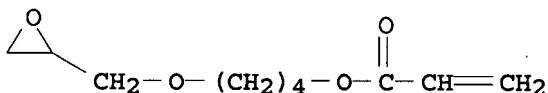
CRN 79-10-7
CMF C3 H4 O2

IC ICM C08G059-14
ICS G03F007-004; G03F007-027; H05K003-28
CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 38, 76
ST radiation curable alkali sol resin resist; dry film
photosensitive unsatd epoxy resin; printed circuit board
solder resist
IT Acid-resistant materials
Electric insulators
Heat-resistant materials
Photoresists
Printed circuit boards
Solder resists
Solvent-resistant materials
(radiation-curable alkali-soluble epoxy resin for solder resist, dry
resist film, and printed circuit board)
IT 786652-71-9P, EHPE 3150 acrylate tetrahydrophthalate ester with
glycidyl methacrylate 786652-73-1P 786652-75-3P
(radiation-curable alkali-soluble epoxy resin for solder resist, dry
resist film, and printed circuit board)

L19 ANSWER 6 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:779273 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:285815
TITLE: Light-sensitive resin composition for solder
resist for manufacturing printed circuit boards
INVENTOR(S): Mizushima, Masahiro
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Gooh Chemical Industry Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 23 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004264773	A	20040924	JP 2003-57401	20030304
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2003-57401	20030304

ED Entered STN: 24 Sep 2004
 AB The title composition consists of: a light-sensitive resin; a photopolymer. initiator; a heat-sensitive hardener; and a solvent, wherein the light-sensitive resins is prepared from a glycidyl compound and a light-sensitive resin having carboxyl groups. The composition provides short curing time of the pattern and solder resist pattern in short time.
 IT 119692-59-0DP, 4-Hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether, reaction product with acrylic polymer
 (light-sensitive resin composition for solder resist for manufacturing printed circuit boards)
 RN 119692-59-0 HCPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 4-(2-oxiranylmethoxy)butyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM G03F007-038
 ICS C08G059-14; G03F007-004; G03F007-027
 CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
 Section cross-reference(s): 76
 IT Photoresists
 Printed circuit boards
 Solder resists
 (light-sensitive resin composition for solder resist for manufacturing printed circuit boards)
 IT 87912-85-4DP, Epiclon N 680, reaction product with 4-Hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether 119692-59-0DP, 4-Hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether, reaction product with acrylic polymer 469860-43-3DP, reaction product with 4-Hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether 760996-26-7DP, Glycidyl methacrylate-methyl methacrylate-acrylic acid-N-cyclohexylmaleimide copolymer ester with tetrahydrophthalic acid anhydride, reaction product with 4-Hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether 760996-27-8DP, Glycidyl methacrylate-methyl methacrylate-acrylic acid-NK Ester 9G copolymer ester with tetrahydrophthalic acid anhydride, reaction product with 4-Hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether
 (light-sensitive resin composition for solder resist for manufacturing printed circuit boards)

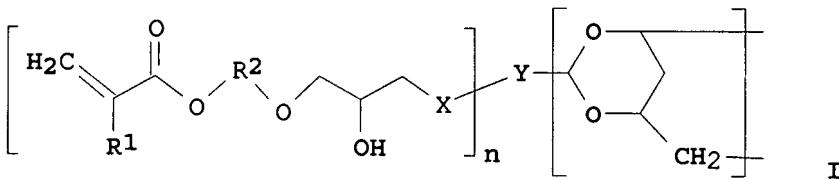
L19 ANSWER 7 OF 24 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:515559 HCPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 141:55128
 TITLE: Novel photosensitive resin based on saponified polyvinyl acetate, photosensitive resin composition, method of forming aqueous gel from the same, and compound
 INVENTOR(S): Yamada, Seigo; Takano, Masahiro; Miyazaki, Mitsuharu; Utsunomiya, Shin
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyo Gosei Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 32 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004052947	A1	20040624	WO 2003-JP14467	20031113
W: CN, KR, US RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
JP 2004189841	A	20040708	JP 2002-358263	20021210
EP 1574528	A1	20050914	EP 2003-772745	20031113
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
CN 1723222	A	20060118	CN 2003-80105691	20031113
US 2006148925	A1	20060706	US 2005-538690	20050610
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-358263	A 20021210
			WO 2003-JP14467	W 20031113

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 141:55128

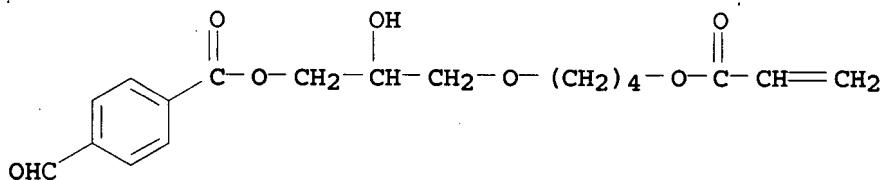
ED Entered STN: 27 Jun 2004
GI



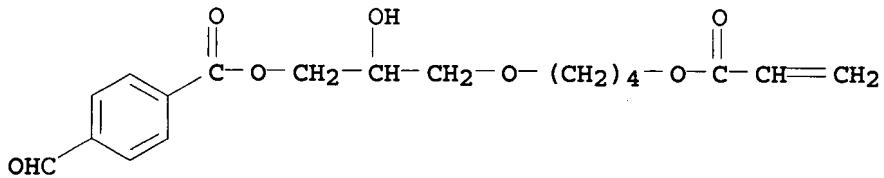
AB The present invention relates to (i) a **photosensitive resin** which is a material having excellent storage stability, having an affinity for and miscibility with various compds. and high sensitivity, and capable of solidifying even when it contains water, and which gives a cured article having high sensitivity and excellent flexibility and can be evenly solidified even when it has a high water content, (ii) a **photosensitive resin composition**, and (iii) a novel compound. The **photosensitive resin** based on a saponified polyvinyl acetate has a structural unit I, wherein R1 = H or methyl; R2 = C2-10 linear or branched alkylene; n = 1-3 integer; X = O, OC(:O)CH2O, or OC(:O)(CH2)m; m = 0-6 integer; and Y = an aromatic ring or a single bond. Thus, 45 g 4-hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether and 60 g terephthal aldehydic acid were reacted in the presence of 0.2 g p-methoxyphenol as a polymerization inhibitor and 1.4 g N,N-dimethyl-4-aminopyridine as a catalyst at 85° for 9 h, 10 g 5% sodium carbonate was added therein and extracted to give a product mixture, 4.2 g of which was mixed with Gohsenol EG 30 saponified polyvinyl acetate 50, phosphoric acid 3.0, and 2-propanol 59 g, and ADK Stab LA 7RD polymerization inhibitor 13.6 mg, stirred at 60° for 7 h, 44 g Diaion WA 20 basic ionic exchange resin was added therein to neutralize them, filtered to remove ionic exchange resin, 3% Irgacure 2959 was added therein to give a **photosensitive resin composition**, showing good gel formation when used in dilution

IT 705980-72-9P
(monomer; preparation of **photosensitive resin** based on saponified

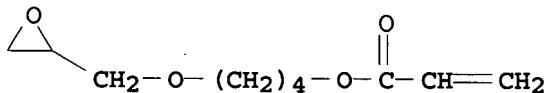
RN polyvinyl acetate)
RN 705980-72-9 HCPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 4-formyl-, 2-hydroxy-3-[4-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]butoxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 705980-72-9DP, reaction products with saponified polyvinyl acetate, polymers
(preparation of photosensitive resin based on saponified polyvinyl acetate)
RN 705980-72-9 HCPLUS
CN Benzoic acid, 4-formyl-, 2-hydroxy-3-[4-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]butoxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 119692-59-0, 4-Hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether
(reactant in monomer preparation; preparation of photosensitive resin based on saponified polyvinyl acetate)
RN 119692-59-0 HCPLUS
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 4-(2-oxiranylmethoxy)butyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM C08F008-28
ICS C08F299-00; C07C069-54; C07C069-734; G03F007-038
CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
Section cross-reference(s): 38, 74
ST photosensitive resin sapon polyvinyl acetate compn aq gel;
hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether terephthal aldehydic acid
reactant; Gohsenol acryloxy contg hydroxyalkyl benzaldehyde
photosensitive resin
IT Hydrogels
Photoimaging materials
Photoresists
(preparation of photosensitive resin based on saponified polyvinyl acetate)
IT 705980-72-9P 705980-73-0P
(monomer; preparation of photosensitive resin based on saponified polyvinyl acetate)
IT 9002-89-5DP, Gohsenol EG 30, reaction products with acryloxy-containing

hydroxyalkyl benzaldehyde, polymers 705980-72-9DP, reaction products with saponified polyvinyl acetate, polymers 705980-73-0DP, reaction products with saponified polyvinyl acetate, polymers 709043-20-9DP, OKS 9101, reaction products with acryloxy-containing hydroxyalkyl benzaldehyde, polymers

(preparation of photosensitive resin based on saponified polyvinyl acetate)

IT 619-66-9, Terephthal aldehydic acid 119692-59-0,
4-Hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether
(reactant in monomer preparation; preparation of photosensitive resin based on saponified polyvinyl acetate)

L19 ANSWER 8 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:430849 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:424397

TITLE: Photosensitive resin compositions useful for hydrogel formation

INVENTOR(S): Utsunomiya, Shin; Yamada, Seigo; Takano, Masahiro; Miyazaki, Mitsuhiro

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toyo Gosei Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 19 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2004044024	A1	20040527	WO 2003-JP14466	20031113
W: CN, KR, US RW: AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR				
JP 2004161942	A	20040610	JP 2002-331269	20021114
EP 1564232	A1	20050817	EP 2003-772744	20031113
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, IT, LI, LU, NL, SE, MC, PT, IE, SI, FI, RO, CY, TR, BG, CZ, EE, HU, SK				
CN 1711295	A	20051221	CN 2003-80103275	20031113
US 2006041052	A1	20060223	US 2005-535045	20050513
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-331269	A 20021114
			WO 2003-JP14466	W 20031113

ED Entered STN: 27 May 2004

AB A photosensitive resin composition comprises (A) a water-soluble photosensitive poly(meth)acrylic acid resin which is produced by addition reaction of part of the carboxyl groups of a (meth)acrylic acid polymer with glycidoxyalkyl (meth)acrylate and has an acid number of solids of 150 mg KOH/g or above, (B) a photopolymer. initiator, and (C) water. Hydrogel made from the compns. is useful for medical use, etc. Thus, heating Aqualic AS 58 (acrylic polymer) with 4-hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether in methanol in the presence of pyridine gave a photosensitive polymer which could be cured by UV light in the presence of a photoinitiator to give a hydrogel.

IT 691401-65-7P, Acrylic acid-4-hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether copolymer

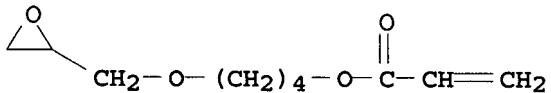
(manufacture of photosensitive resin compns. useful for hydrogel formation)

RN 691401-65-7 HCAPLUS

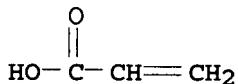
CN 2-Propenoic acid, polymer with 4-(2-oxiranylmethoxy)butyl 2-propenoate

(CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 119692-59-0
CMF C10 H16 O4

CM 2

CRN 79-10-7
CMF C3 H4 O2

IC ICM C08F299-04
 CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
 Section cross-reference(s): 63
 IT Hydrogels
 (manufacture of photosensitive resin compns. useful for hydrogel formation)
 IT Crosslinking
 (photochem.; manufacture of photosensitive resin compns. useful for hydrogel formation)
 IT 106797-53-9, Irgacure 2959
 (manufacture of photosensitive resin compns. useful for hydrogel formation)
 IT 691401-65-7P, Acrylic acid-4-hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether copolymer
 (manufacture of photosensitive resin compns. useful for hydrogel formation)

REFERENCE COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 9 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:391634 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:383219
 TITLE: Pigmented photoimaging resin compositions with less odor, their patterning, and color filters and liquid crystal displays having patterned layers therefrom
 INVENTOR(S): Takebe, Kazuo; Shirakawa, Masakazu; Fujita, Masato
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Sumitomo Chemical Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 16 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004138950	A	20040513	JP 2002-305545	20021021
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-305545	20021021

ED Entered STN: 14 May 2004

AB The compns., showing high **photosensitivity** and remaining less scums on development, comprise binder polymers prepared from unsatd. carboxylic acid polymers and (meth)acryloyloxy-C1-6 hydrocarbyl glycidyl ethers, **photosensitive** monomers, photopolymn. initiators chosen from triazines, acetophenones, and/or biimidazoles, coloring materials, and solvents.

IT 683811-59-8P

(binder polymers; odorless color photoimaging compns. showing less development scums for LCD color filters)

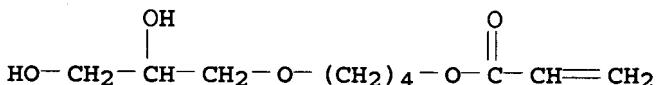
RN 683811-59-8 HCPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with phenylmethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-hydroxy-3-[4-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]butoxy]propyl ether (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 251298-12-1

CMF C10 H18 O5



CM 2

CRN 65697-21-4

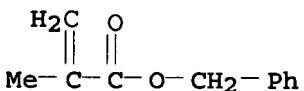
CMF (C11 H12 O2 . C4 H6 O2)x

CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 2495-37-6

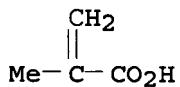
CMF C11 H12 O2



CM 4

CRN 79-41-4

CMF C4 H6 O2



IC ICM G03F007-038
 ICS C08F002-44; C08F265-04; G02B005-20; G03F007-029; G03F007-031
 CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
 Reprographic Processes)
 Section cross-reference(s): 38, 73
 IT 683811-59-8P
 (binder polymers; odorless color photoimaging compns. showing less
 development scums for LCD color filters)

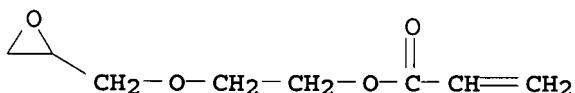
L19 ANSWER 10 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:271985 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:294703
 TITLE: Manufacture of dry imaging material with improved
 dust resistant and storage stability
 INVENTOR(S): Hanyu, Takeshi
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Konica Minolta Holdings Inc., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 29 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2004101802	A	20040402	JP 2002-262596	20020909
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-262596	20020909

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 140:294703
 ED Entered STN: 02 Apr 2004
 AB Title imaging material is manufactured by treating a polyester substrate by
 corona discharge, plasma discharge, UV radiation, electron beam
 radiation, or X-ray radiation, applying an undercoat to the treated
 substrate, and forming a **photosensitive** layer containing
photosensitive silver halide particles, organic silver salts,
 reducing agents, and binding agents. The process is characterized in
 that the undercoat-forming material is added oxidizing agent and is
 heat-treated at 60-100°; when the undercoat is dried, the
 coated polyester substrate is heated to 80-30° for curing.
 IT 676261-69-1
 (manufacture of dry imaging material with improved dust resistant and
 storage stability)
 RN 676261-69-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, butyl ester, polymer with ethenylbenzene, ethyl
 2-propenoate and 2-(oxiranylmethoxy)ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)

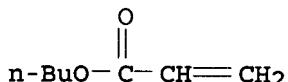
CM 1

CRN 30491-78-2
 CMF C8 H12 O4



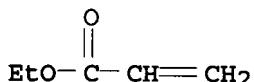
CM 2

CRN 141-32-2
CMF C7 H12 O2



CM 3

CRN 140-88-5
CMF C5 H8 O2



CM 4

CRN 100-42-5
CMF C8 H8

H₂C=CH-Ph

IC ICM G03C001-76
ICS G03C001-498; G03C001-74
CC 74-2 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
IT 9011-08-9 52192-09-3 661467-61-4 661467-63-6 661467-64-7
661467-65-8 661467-67-0 661467-69-2 661467-71-6 661467-73-8
668448-44-0 676261-69-1
(manufacture of dry imaging material with improved dust resistant and storage stability)

L19 ANSWER 11 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:913204 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:388497

TITLE: Radiation curable compositions

INVENTOR(S): Chew, Kong Chin; Alias, Norazmi

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): UCB, S.A., Belg.

SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 38 pp.

CODEN: PIXXD2

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003095506	A1	20031120	WO 2003-EP4849	20030509
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2003227739	A1	20031111	AU 2003-227739	20030509
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: MY 2002-1704 A 20020510				
			WO 2003-EP4849	W 20030509

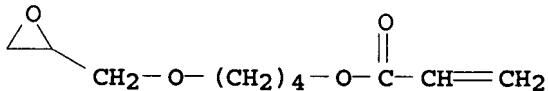
ED Entered STN: 21 Nov 2003

AB A water-dilutable and/or dispersible radiation curable composition is soluble in aqueous alkaline solution and comprises the reaction product of a hydroxy-functionalized amino (meth)acrylate with anhydride-containing compds. The hydroxy-functionalized amino(meth)acrylate is prepared from the Michael addition of a primary, or more preferably, a secondary amine to a multifunctional (meth)acrylate monomer. The amine compound is HNR1R2, where R1 and R2 = H or optionally substituted hydrocarbon, such as alkyl, aryl, cycloalkyl, arylalkyl, hydroxy alkyl, hydroxy aryl, hydroxy cycloalkyl and hydroxy cycloaryl, optionally containing (poly)amido, (poly)ester, (poly)urethane, (poly)urea, (poly)ether, and (poly)carbonate, but must not both be H at the same time.

IT 119692-59-0DP, 4-Hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether,
reaction products with Michael adduct, and anhydride
(oligomer; radiation-curable water-dilutable compns. containing)

RN 119692-59-0 HCPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 4-(2-oxiranylmethoxy)butyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM C08F008-32

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 37

IT Photoreists

(radiation curable compns. for)

IT 85-43-8DP, Tetrahydrophthalic anhydride, reaction products with Michael adduct 85-44-9DP, Phthalic anhydride, reaction products with Michael adduct 109-83-1DP, Monomethylmethanolamine, Michael adduct with acrylate, reaction products with anhydride 868-77-9DP, 2-Hydroxyethyl methacrylate, reaction products with pyromellitic dianhydride, Michael adduct, and SRD 1042 15625-89-5DP, Trimethylolpropane triacrylate, Michael adduct with monomethylmethanolamine, reaction products with anhydride

67527-24-6DP, reaction products with Michael adduct 80413-52-1DP,
 Placel FA 2D, reaction products with pyromellitic dianhydride,
 Michael adduct, and SRD 1042 119692-59-0DP, 4-Hydroxybutyl
 acrylate glycidyl ether, reaction products with Michael adduct, and
 anhydride 624740-07-4DP, SRD 1043, reaction products with
 pyromellitic dianhydride, Michael adduct, and hydroxyethyl
 methacrylate

(oligomer; radiation-curable water-dilutable compns. containing)

REFERENCE COUNT: 8 THERE ARE 8 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR
 THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE
 RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 12 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:653451 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:188421

TITLE: Photopolymerizable compositions having good
 developability and solubility and their color
 filters

INVENTOR(S): Tanigawa, Keiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mitsubishi Chemical Corp., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 13 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003233179	A	20030822	JP 2002-31338	20020207
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-31338	20020207

ED Entered STN: 22 Aug 2003

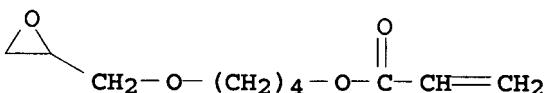
AB The compns. contain (A) photopolymn. initiators, (B) binder resins bearing structures prepared by addition of carboxylic acid sites of carboxylic acid-containing resins with epoxy sites of compds. bearing ethylenically unsatd. groups and epoxy groups represented by EpCH2OR1O2CCR2:CH2 (Ep = epoxy, R1 = divalent linkage; R2 = H, Me), preferably, 4-hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether, and optionally (C) photopolymn. initiators and (D) colorants. Even when colorant concentration is high, the compns. have good developability, high adhesion strength to substrates or light-shielding layers, and good surface lubricity.

IT 119692-59-0DP, 4-Hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether, ester with o-cresol novolak epoxy acrylate tetrahydrophthalate
 581070-18-0P, Acrylic acid- α -methylstyrene-styrene copolymer ester with 4-hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether
 581070-19-1P

(binder; high colorant concentration photopolymerizable compns. having good developability and solubility for color filters)

RN 119692-59-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 4-(2-oxiranylmethoxy)butyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



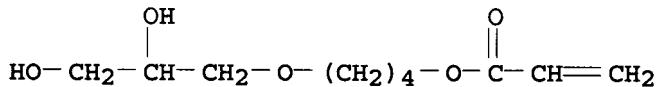
RN 581070-18-0 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, polymer with ethenylbenzene and (1-

methylethenyl)benzene, 2-hydroxy-3-[4-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]butoxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 251298-12-1
CMF C10 H18 O5

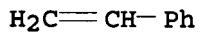


CM 2

CRN 52831-04-6
CMF (C9 H10 . C8 H8 . C3 H4 O2)x
CCI PMS

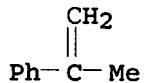
CM 3

CRN 100-42-5
CMF C8 H8



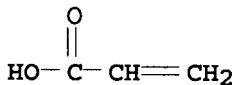
CM 4

CRN 98-83-9
CMF C9 H10



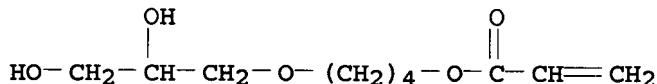
CM 5

CRN 79-10-7
CMF C3 H4 O2



RN 581070-19-1 HCAPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 2-hydroxyethyl
 2-methyl-2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and phenylmethyl
 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-hydroxy-3-[4-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]butoxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

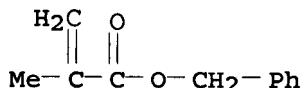
CM 1

CRN 251298-12-1
CMF C10 H18 O5

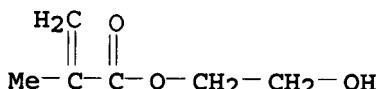
CM 2

CRN 191545-17-2
CMF (C11 H12 O2 . C6 H10 O3 . C5 H8 O2 . C4 H6 O2)x
CCI PMS

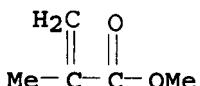
CM 3

CRN 2495-37-6
CMF C11 H12 O2

CM 4

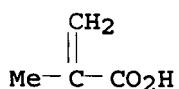
CRN 868-77-9
CMF C6 H10 O3

CM 5

CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 6

CRN 79-41-4
CMF C4 H6 O2



IT 581070-20-4P, Acrylic acid- α -methylstyrene-styrene copolymer ester with 4-hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether, polymer with dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate 581070-21-5P, Benzyl methacrylate-2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer ester with 4-hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether, polymer with dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate (crosslinked; high colorant concentration photopolymerizable compns. having good developability and solubility for color filters)

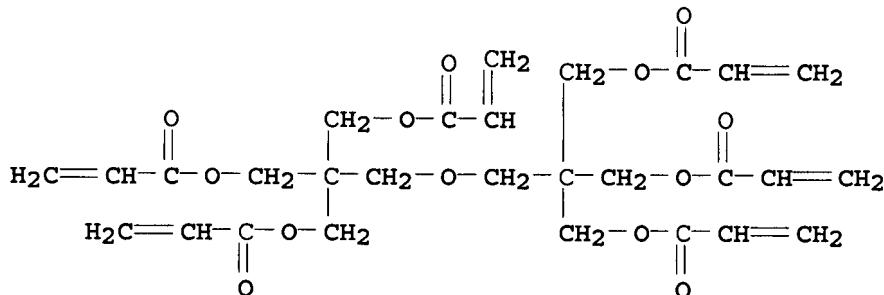
RN 581070-20-4 HCPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, polymer with ethenylbenzene and (1-methylethenyl)benzene, 2-hydroxy-3-[4-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]butoxy]propyl ester, polymer with 2-[[3-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]-2,2-bis[[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]propoxy]methyl]-2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 29570-58-9

CMF C28 H34 O13



CM 2

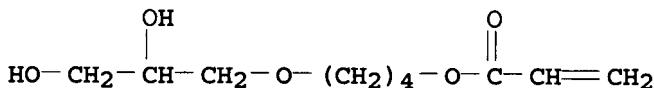
CRN 581070-18-0

CMF C10 H18 O5 . x (C9 H10 . C8 H8 . C3 H4 O2)x

CM 3

CRN 251298-12-1

CMF C10 H18 O5

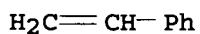


CM 4

CRN 52831-04-6
 CMF (C₉ H₁₀ . C₈ H₈ . C₃ H₄ O₂)_x
 CCI PMS

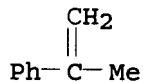
CM 5

CRN 100-42-5
 CMF C₈ H₈



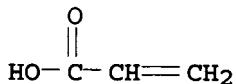
CM 6

CRN 98-83-9
 CMF C₉ H₁₀



CM 7

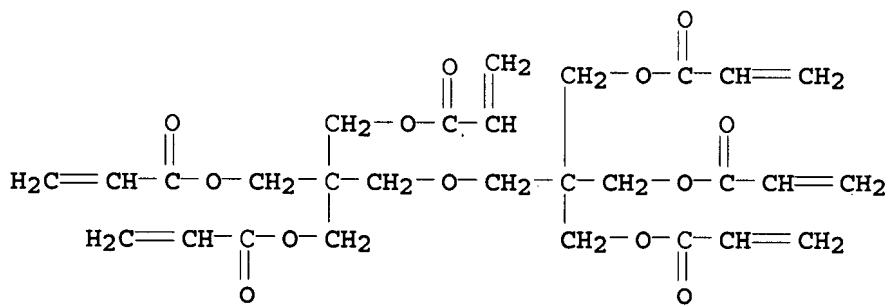
CRN 79-10-7
 CMF C₃ H₄ O₂



RN 581070-21-5 HCPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with 2-hydroxyethyl
 2-methyl-2-propenoate, methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate and phenylmethyl
 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-hydroxy-3-[4-[(1-oxo-2-
 propenyl)oxy]butoxy]propyl ester, polymer with 2-[[3-[(1-oxo-2-
 propenyl)oxy]-2,2-bis[[[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]propoxy]methyl]-2-
 [[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]methyl]-1,3-propanediyl di-2-propenoate (9CI)
 (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 29570-58-9
 CMF C₂₈ H₃₄ O₁₃



CM 2

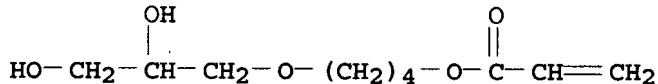
CRN 581070-19-1

CMF (C11 H12 O2 . C6 H10 O3 . C5 H8 O2 . C4 H6 O2)x . x C10 H18 O5

CM 3

CRN 251298-12-1

CMF C10 H18 O5



CM 4

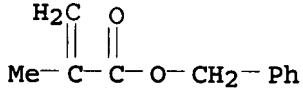
CRN 191545-17-2

CMF (C11 H12 O2 . C6 H10 O3 . C5 H8 O2 . C4 H6 O2)x
CCI PMS

CM 5

CRN 2495-37-6

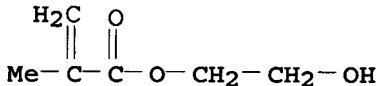
CMF C11 H12 O2



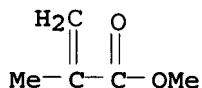
CM 6

CRN 868-77-9

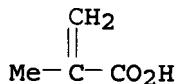
CMF C6 H10 O3



CM 7

CRN 80-62-6
CMF C5 H8 O2

CM 8

CRN 79-41-4
CMF C4 H6 O2

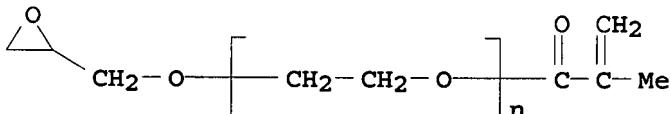
IC ICM G03F007-027
ICS C08F290-12; G02B005-20; G03F007-004
 CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
 Section cross-reference(s): 38
 IT 85-43-8DP, Tetrahydrophthalic anhydride, ester with o-cresol novolak epoxy acrylate, reaction products with 4-hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether 95-48-7DP, o-Cresol, novolak epoxy acrylate tetrahydrophthalate, ester with 4-hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether 119692-59-0DP, 4-Hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether, ester with o-cresol novolak epoxy acrylate tetrahydrophthalate 581070-18-0P, Acrylic acid- α -methylstyrene-styrene copolymer ester with 4-hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether 581070-19-1P
 (binder; high colorant concentration photopolymerizable compns. having good developability and solubility for color filters)
 IT 581070-20-4P, Acrylic acid- α -methylstyrene-styrene copolymer ester with 4-hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether, polymer with dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate 581070-21-5P, Benzyl methacrylate-2-hydroxyethyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer ester with 4-hydroxybutyl acrylate glycidyl ether, polymer with dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate
 (crosslinked; high colorant concentration photopolymerizable compns. having good developability and solubility for color filters)
 IT 90-93-7, 4,4'-Bis(diethylamino)benzophenone
 (photosensitizer; high colorant concentration photopolymerizable compns. having good developability and solubility for color filters)

L19 ANSWER 13 OF 24 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:653443 HCPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:188347
 TITLE: Photosensitive lithographic printing plate material, its manufacture, and aqueous coating solution for the manufacture
 INVENTOR(S): Kuroki, Takaaki; Hirabayashi, Kazuhiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Konica Co., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 26 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003233170	A	20030822	JP 2002-33872	20020212
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 2002-33872 20020212				

ED Entered STN: 22 Aug 2003
 AB The printing plate material has an intermediate layer between a substrate and a photopolymerizable layer containing ethylenically addition-polymerizable compds. and radical generators sensitive to actinic energy beam. In manufacturing the printing plate, the intermediate layer is formed by coating process, where the layer is heated at the maximum plate surface temperature 105-250°. Preferably, the substrate is electrochem. surface-roughened with an acidic medium and then treated with an aqueous solution containing polyvinylphosphonic acid before formation of the intermediate layer. Also claimed is an aqueous coating solution containing ethylenically addition-polymerizable compds., ring-opening polymerizable compds., amino group-containing compds., or alkoxy group-containing compds. for formation of the intermediate layer. The obtained printing plate material has high interlayer adhesion, printability, and background soiling resistance.
 IT 120516-17-8 (intermediate layer component; heat treatment of intermediate layer in manufacture of photosensitive lithog. printing plate material for high interlayer adhesion)
 RN 120516-17-8 HCPLUS
 CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)-ω-(oxiranylmethoxy) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM G03F007-00
 ICS B41N001-14; B41N003-03; B41N003-04; C25D011-16; G03F007-11;
 G03F007-38
 CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
 ST photosensitive lithog printing plate manuf heat treatment;
 aq coating soln intermediate layer formation lithog printing;
 interlayer adhesion printability soiling resistance lithog printing plate
 IT Surface treatment
 (electrolytic surface roughening; heat treatment of intermediate layer in manufacture of photosensitive lithog. printing plate material for high interlayer adhesion)
 IT Heat treatment
 Lithographic plates
 Photoimaging materials
 (heat treatment of intermediate layer in manufacture of

photosensitive lithog. printing plate material for high interlayer adhesion)

IT Coating materials
 (water-thinned, solution for; heat treatment of intermediate layer in manufacture of photosensitive lithog. printing plate material for high interlayer adhesion)

IT 102772-82-7, Acrylonitrile-ethyl methacrylate-methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer
 (binder of photopolymerizable layer; heat treatment of intermediate layer in manufacture of photosensitive lithog. printing plate material for high interlayer adhesion)

IT 78-10-4, KBE 04 107-95-9, 3-Aminopropionic acid 2530-85-0, TSL 8370 2867-47-2 5039-78-1 7659-36-1 18165-31-6, Ethoxysilane 35705-94-3, Phosmer PE 55750-22-6 114040-41-4 120516-17-8 581094-56-6, EX 5000H
 (intermediate layer component; heat treatment of intermediate layer in manufacture of photosensitive lithog. printing plate material for high interlayer adhesion)

IT 40220-08-4, Aronix M 315
 (photopolymerizable layer component; heat treatment of intermediate layer in manufacture of photosensitive lithog. printing plate material for high interlayer adhesion)

IT 27754-99-0, Polyvinylphosphonic acid
 (substrate-treating agent; heat treatment of intermediate layer in manufacture of photosensitive lithog. printing plate material for high interlayer adhesion)

IT 37321-70-3, A1050
 (substrate; heat treatment of intermediate layer in manufacture of photosensitive lithog. printing plate material for high interlayer adhesion)

L19 ANSWER 14 OF 24 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:653439 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 139:205049

TITLE: Photosensitive lithographic printing plate material and its manufacture

INVENTOR(S): Kuroki, Takaaki; Hirabayashi, Kazuhiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Konica Co., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 22 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2003233166	A	20030822	JP 2002-30825	20020207
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 2002-30825	20020207

ED Entered STN: 22 Aug 2003

AB The printing plate material has a layer containing (a) a compound having ring-opening polymerizable groups and a compound having ethylenically addition-polymerizable groups or (b) a compound having ring-opening polymerizable groups and ethylenically addition-polymerizable groups on a metal substrate which is surface-roughened and treated with an aqueous solvent containing polyvinylphosphonic acid. The layer may be an intermediate layer formed between the substrate and a photopolymerizable layer. In manufacturing the printing plate material, the intermediate layer is formed by applying a coating solution containing a

compound having ≥ 2 ring-opening polymerizable groups and a compound having acid-releasing groups and ethylenically addition-polymerizable groups on the surface-treated metal substrate. Preferably, the substrate is electrochem. surface-roughened with an acidic medium and then treated with an aqueous solution containing polyvinylphosphonic acid before

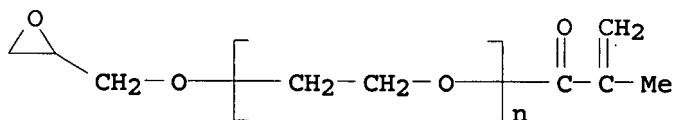
formation of the intermediate layer. The obtained printing plate material has high interlayer adhesion, printability, and background soiling resistance.

IT 120516-17-8

(manufacture of **photosensitive** lithog. printing plate material having layer containing polymerizable compound for high interlayer adhesion)

RN 120516-17-8 HCPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)- ω -(oxiranylmethoxy) - (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM G03F007-00

ICS B41N001-08; G03F007-028; G03F007-09; G03F007-11

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

ST **photosensitive** lithog printing plate manuf polymerizable compd; interlayer adhesion printability soiling resistance lithog printing plate

IT Surface treatment

(electrolytic surface roughening; manufacture of **photosensitive** lithog. printing plate material having layer containing polymerizable compound for high interlayer adhesion)

IT Lithographic plates

Photoimaging materials

(manufacture of **photosensitive** lithog. printing plate material having layer containing polymerizable compound for high interlayer adhesion)

IT 581094-56-6, EX 5000H

(manufacture of **photosensitive** lithog. printing plate material having layer containing polymerizable compound for high interlayer adhesion)

IT 79-10-7, 2-Propenoic acid, uses 79-41-4, uses 4206-61-5

17557-20-9 17626-93-6 24615-84-7 26403-72-5 27252-81-9

55750-22-6 114040-41-4 120516-17-8 131303-16-7

581785-72-0 581785-73-1 581785-74-2

(manufacture of **photosensitive** lithog. printing plate material having layer containing polymerizable compound for high interlayer adhesion)

IT 27754-99-0, Polyvinylphosphonic acid

(substrate-treating agent; manufacture of **photosensitive** lithog. printing plate material having layer containing polymerizable compound for high interlayer adhesion)

IT 37321-70-3, A1050

(substrate; manufacture of **photosensitive** lithog. printing plate material having layer containing polymerizable compound for high interlayer adhesion)

L19 ANSWER 15 OF 24 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:88030 HCPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 136:326187
 TITLE: Application of photopolymer to core-hair type
 microgels with various hair length
 AUTHOR(S): Takahashi, Takanori; Watanabe, Hiroomi; Miyagawa,
 Nobukazu; Takahara, Shigeru; Yamaoka, Tsuguo
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Department of Information and Image Science,
 Faculty of Engineering, Chiba University,
 Chiba-city, 263-8522, Japan
 SOURCE: Polymers for Advanced Technologies (2002), 13(1),
 33-39

PUBLISHER: John Wiley & Sons Ltd.
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English

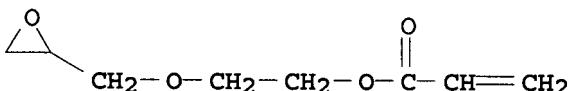
ED Entered STN: 01 Feb 2002

AB The new microgels, called "core-hair" type microgels, were synthesized. They have a hair moiety consisting of the oxyhexano-1,7-diyl (-O-(CH₂)₅-C(O)-) group as a spacer and the acryloyl group for polymerization. The hair length depends on the number of spacer units, and affects the viscosity and the thixotropy index of the microgel. These core-hair microgels show the pseudoplastic flow of a non-Newtonian fluid with moderate to high dispersibility in water or alc. solvents. Due to their viscosities and dispersibilities, these core-hair microgels are useful for photopolymer, e.g. for screen printing. Therefore, these microgels were actually applied to screen printing and confirmed pattern forming on a screen printing plate through water development. We now discuss the relation between the viscosity, the dispersibility, the photosensitivity, and the rate of photopolymn. to the hair length of the microgel.

IT 30491-78-2P
 (application of photopolymer to core-hair type microgels with
 various hair length)

RN 30491-78-2 HCPLUS

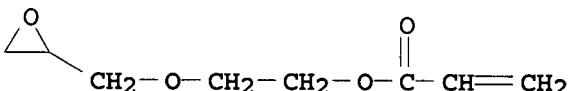
CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-(2-oxiranylmethoxy)ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 30491-78-2DP, reaction product with a copolymer of styrene,
 divinylbenzene, and ar-ethenyl-N,N-dimethylbenzenemethanamine
 (photo-crosslinked; application of photopolymer to core-hair type
 microgels with various hair length)

RN 30491-78-2 HCPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-(2-oxiranylmethoxy)ethyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



CC 37-3 (Plastics Manufacture and Processing)
 Section cross-reference(s): 35, 74

IT 30491-78-2P 412915-42-5P 412915-44-7P 412915-45-8P
 (application of photopolymer to core-hair type microgels with

various hair length)
 IT 30491-78-2DP, reaction product with a copolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, and ar-ethenyl-N,N-dimethylbenzenemethanamine
 412915-42-5DP, reaction product with a copolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, and ar-ethenyl-N,N-dimethylbenzenemethanamine
 412915-44-7DP, reaction product with a copolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, and ar-ethenyl-N,N-dimethylbenzenemethanamine
 412915-45-8DP, reaction product with a copolymer of styrene, divinylbenzene, and ar-ethenyl-N,N-dimethylbenzenemethanamine
 (photo-crosslinked; application of photopolymer to core-hair type microgels with various hair length)

REFERENCE COUNT: 15 THERE ARE 15 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L19 ANSWER 16 OF 24 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2000:317204 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:341249

TITLE: Heat development photosensitive material

INVENTOR(S): Muramatsu, Yasuhiko

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Konica Co., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 40 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 2000137307	A	20000516	JP 1998-310250	19981030
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1998-310250	19981030

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 132:341249

ED Entered STN: 16 May 2000

AB The title photosensitive material contains an organic Ag salt, photosensitive Ag halide grains, and a reducing agent on a support and is formed by adding an epoxy compound and an acid anhydride. The material shows high film strength and storage stability and provides high contrast black-and-white images even after storage for a long time of period.

IT 268226-68-2

(heat-developable photog. material containing organic silver salt, silver halide, reducing agent, epoxy compd, and acid anhydride)

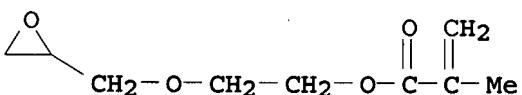
RN 268226-68-2 HCPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-(oxiranylmethoxy)ethyl ester, polymer with ethyl 2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

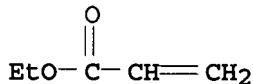
CRN 30491-79-3

CMF C9 H14 O4



CM 2

CRN 140-88-5
CMF C5 H8 02



IC ICM G03C001-498
 CC 74-7 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
 Reprographic Processes)
 IT 85-42-7 85-44-9, 1,3-Isobenzofurandione 108-30-5, uses 108-31-6,
 2,5-Furandione, uses 716-39-2, Naphtho[2,3-c]furan-1,3-dione
 1732-96-3 2224-15-9 3101-60-8 3126-63-4 3543-39-3 3568-29-4
 4037-32-5 4206-61-5 5763-49-5 13236-02-7 19438-59-6
 19438-61-0 26141-88-8 27550-59-0 27878-56-4 54140-67-9
 86630-59-3 92243-48-6 98081-22-2 103296-84-0 138652-14-9
 233607-84-6 268226-67-1 **268226-68-2**
 (heat-developable photog. material containing organic silver salt, silver
 halide, reducing agent, epoxy compd, and acid anhydride)

L19 ANSWER 17 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1999:752372 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 132:17142

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 192.17.142 TITLE: Photoresist composition and its cured product

INVENTOR(S) : Yokojima, Minoru; Okubo, Tetsuo; Sasahara, Kazunori

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S) : Nippon Kayaku Co. Ltd. Japan

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Rayaku Co., Ltd., Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 3-11

SOURCE: SPN. KOKAI 18
COPDEN: JXXXXAE

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

DOCUMENT LANGUAGE

LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY LANG. Nippon

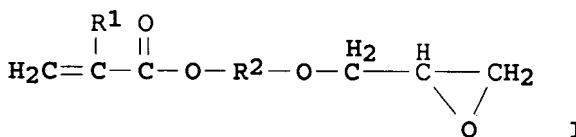
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATIENT INFORMATION

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 11327139	A	19991126	JP 1998-134122	19980518
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:				

ED Entered STN: 26 Nov 1999

—
GT.



AB The title resin composition contains (a) a compound formed by addition of a compound I [R₁ = H or Me; R₂ = C₂₋₄ alkylene, cyclohexane-1,4-dimethylene, (CH₂CHR₃OCH₂CHR₃)_n (R₃ = H, Me, Et; n = 1-5)] to the CO₂H groups of a polymer having ≥ 1 CO₂H group and (b) a diluting agent.

a A cured product of the composition is also claimed. The composition useful as

permanent resist shows improved developability and provides a high resolution cured solder resist pattern showing high thermal and plating resistance.

IT 251298-13-2P, Methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer ester with 4-glycidyloxybutyl acrylate

(photoresist composition containing carboxyl polymer ester with glycidyl ether acrylate)

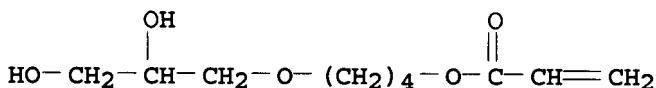
RN 251298-13-2 HCPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, polymer with methyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, 2-hydroxy-3-[4-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]butoxy]propyl ester (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 251298-12-1

CMF C10 H18 O5



CM 2

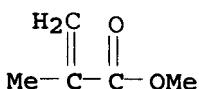
CRN 25086-15-1

CMF (C5 H8 O2 . C4 H6 O2)x
CCI PMS

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6

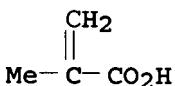
CMF C5 H8 O2



CM 4

CRN 79-41-4

CMF C4 H6 O2



IC ICM G03F007-038

ICS G03F007-038; C08F290-12; C09D004-06; C09D201-02

CC 74-5 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

Section cross-reference(s): 38

ST photoresist glycidyl ether acrylate polymer ester; carboxyl polymer glycidyl ester photoresist
 IT Photoresists
 (photoresist composition containing carboxyl polymer ester with glycidyl ether acrylate)
 IT 251298-13-2P, Methacrylic acid-methyl methacrylate copolymer ester with 4-glycidyloxybutyl acrylate
 (photoresist composition containing carboxyl polymer ester with glycidyl ether acrylate)
 IT 1320-67-8, Propylene glycol monomethyl ether 77641-99-7, KAYARAD DPHA 85305-70-0, EOCN 104S
 (photoresist composition containing carboxyl polymer ester with glycidyl ether acrylate)

L19 ANSWER 18 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1998:217664 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 128:302056

TITLE: Heat development photosensitive material having layer containing epoxy compound and isocyanate crosslinker

INVENTOR(S): Hatakeyama, Akira

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Fuji Photo Film Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 18 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 10090826	A	19980410	JP 1996-266811	19960917
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1996-266811	19960917

ED Entered STN: 17 Apr 1998

AB Title material having a photosensitive layer containing photosensitive Ag halides on ≥1 side of a support and containing a non-photosensitive Ag salt and a reducing agent for the salt, contains an epoxy compound having ≥1 epoxy group in its mol. and an isocyanate crosslinking agent in ≥1 layer on the photosensitive side and optionally phthalazine. The material shows high sensitivity and low fog.

IT 205655-02-3P

(heat development silver halide photog. material having antifoggant layer containing epoxy compound and isocyanate crosslinker)

RN 205655-02-3 HCAPLUS

CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, 2-(oxiranylmethoxy)ethyl ester, polymer with ethyl 2-propenoate and Sumidur N 3500 (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 127464-53-3

CMF Unspecified

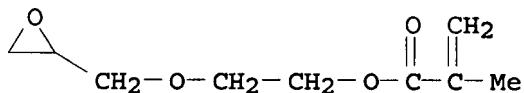
CCI PMS, MAN

*** STRUCTURE DIAGRAM IS NOT AVAILABLE ***

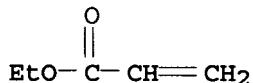
CM 2

CRN 30491-79-3

CMF C9 H14 O4



CM 3

CRN 140-88-5
CMF C5 H8 O2

IC ICM G03C001-498
ICS G03C001-498
CC 74-2 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
Section cross-reference(s): 38
IT 205654-88-2P 205654-90-6P 205654-91-7P 205654-92-8P
205654-93-9P 205654-94-0P 205654-95-1P 205654-96-2P
205654-97-3P 205654-98-4P 205654-99-5P 205655-00-1P
205655-01-2P 205655-02-3P
(heat development silver halide photog. material having antifoggant layer containing epoxy compound and isocyanate crosslinker)

L19 ANSWER 19 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1994:712178 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 121:312178
TITLE: Black photopolymerizable composition, hardened film therefrom, and manufacture of color filter for LCDs
INVENTOR(S): Ichinose, Naoko; Kato, Yoshinori; Kano, Hirokazu; Futamura, Nobuyuki
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Kayaku Kk, Japan
SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 8 pp.
CODEN: JKXXAF
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: Japanese
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 06067421	A	19940311	JP 1992-241473	19920819
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1992-241473	19920819

ED Entered STN: 24 Dec 1994

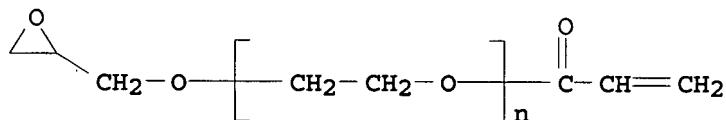
AB The title composition comprises a photopolymerizable compound cong. ≥ 1 ethylenic unsatd. double bond, a photopolymn. initiator, optionally a photosensitive resin, and carbon black grafted with a polymer compound. The polymer compound may be a compound containing aziridine, oxazoline, N-hydroxyalkylamide, epoxy, isocyanate, vinyl, acrylic group, methacrylic group, a Si-containing hydrolyzable group, and/or

amino, or may be acrylic acid-styrene copolymer and polyoxyethylene as an essential component.

IT 158944-79-7D, grafted with carbon black
 (photopolymerizable composition and manufacture of color filter for LCD)
 RN 158944-79-7 HCPLUS
 CN 2-Propenoic acid, 2-methyl-, methyl ester, polymer with
 ethenylmethylbenzene and α -(1-oxo-2-propenyl)- ω -
 (oxiranylmethoxy)poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl) (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 120516-19-0
 CMF (C₂ H₄ O)_n C₆ H₈ O₃
 CCI PMS



CM 2

CRN 25013-15-4
 CMF C₉ H₁₀
 CCI IDS

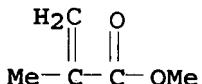


D1-Me

D1-CH=CH₂

CM 3

CRN 80-62-6
 CMF C₅ H₈ O₂



IC ICM G03F007-027
 ICS G02B005-20; G03C001-675; G03F007-004; G03F007-028
 CC 74-13 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other
 Reprographic Processes)
 Section cross-reference(s): 38

IT 100-42-5D, polymer with maleic acid, phenol novolak epoxy acrylate, and dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate 110-16-7D, 2-Butenedioic acid (Z)-, polymer with styrene, dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate, phenol novolak epoxy acrylate 29570-58-9D, Dipentaerythritol hexaacrylate, polymer with styrene, maleic acid, and phenol novolak epoxy acrylate 123960-57-6D, Acrylamide-N-hydroxyethyl methacrylamide-N-vinylpyrrolidone copolymer, grafted with carbon black 158944-77-5D, grafted with carbon black 158944-78-6D, grafted with carbon black 158944-79-7D, grafted with carbon black 159339-41-0
 (photopolymerizable composition and manufacture of color filter for LCD)

L19 ANSWER 20 OF 24 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:202925 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:202925

TITLE: Photosensitive resin compositions for relief plates

INVENTOR(S): Kawaguchi, Chitoshi; Kawanami, Toshitaka

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Paint Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 6 pp.

CODEN: JKXXAF

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: Japanese

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 63177130	A	19880721	JP 1987-8816	19870117
JP 08010331	B	19960131		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1987-8816	19870117

ED Entered STN: 26 May 1989

AB The title compns., providing desirable hardness and rubbery resilience, contain partially saponified poly(vinyl alc.) (degree of saponification 70-99 mol %, d.p. 200-2000), monomer $XCH_2CH(OH)CH_2Y$ [$X = (OCHR_1CH_2)_n(OR_2)mO_2CCR_3:CH_2$; $Y = OH$, $O_2CCR_4:CH_2$, $O_2C(CH_2)pOH$, OR₅; R₁, R₃, R₄ = H, Me; R₂ = OH group-containing C₁₋₅ alkylene; R₅ = OH group-containing C₁₋₅ alkyl; n = 4-23; m = 0, 1; p = 1-5] containing ≥2 OH groups, and photoinitiator. A typical composition, providing relief plate with Shore A hardness 880° and resilience (JIS K 6301) 15% and high resolution, comprised partially saponified poly(vinyl acetate) (d.p. 500, degree of saponification 80.1 mol %) 100, water 80, p-methoxyglycol 10, and Epolite 400E methacryloylate 80 parts.

IT 120516-18-9 120516-20-3

(photocurable, containing partially saponified poly(vinyl acetate), for relief plates with good hardness and resolution)

RN 120516-18-9 HCPLUS

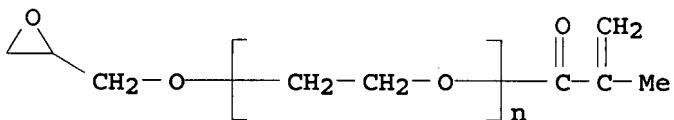
CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)-ω-(oxiranylmethoxy)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 120516-17-8

CMF (C₂ H₄ O)_n C₇ H₁₀ O₃

CCI PMS

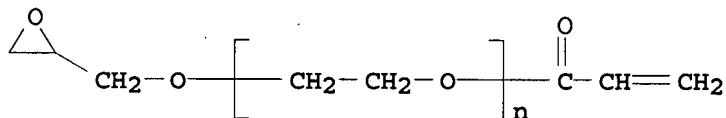


RN 120516-20-3 HCPLUS
 CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α -(1-oxo-2-propenyl)- ω -(oxiranylmethoxy)-, homopolymer (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 120516-19-0
 CMF (C₂ H₄ O)_n C₆ H₈ O₃
 CCI PMS

5691 ale/
 452 file



IC ICM G03C001-68
 ICS C08F002-48; C08F020-28; G03C001-68; G03F007-02
 CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
 ST epoxy methacrylate **photosensitive** printing plate; hardness
 epoxy methacrylate printing plate; resilience epoxy methacrylate
 printing plate; polyvinyl alc printing plate
 IT 79134-44-4, Epolite 400E methacrylate 87719-53-7, Epolite 400E
 acrylate 120516-18-9 120516-20-3
 (photocurable, containing partially saponified poly(vinyl acetate), for
 relief plates with good hardness and resolution)

L19 ANSWER 21 OF 24 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:85462 HCPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:85462
 TITLE: Electrophotographic plates with polymer binders
 INVENTOR(S): Taguchi, Takao; Kawakami, Hisami
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Toppan Printing Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 5 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 63199359	A	19880817	JP 1987-32878	19870216
JP 05049218	B	19930723		

PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.: JP 1987-32878 19870216

ED Entered STN: 04 Mar 1989
 AB Binders for **photosensitive** layers of electrophotog. plates
 containing **photosensitive** pigments are copolymers with monomer
 units including methacrylic esters, acrylic esters, carboxylic acids,
 and epoxy-containing (meth)acrylic esters. These binders are heat-curable

and provide high mech. strength and good electrophotog. performance. Thus, 40 g 50:5:5:50 Et methacrylate-glycidoxypropyl methacrylate-itaconic acid-Me acrylate copolymer, 80 g ZnO sensitized with tetraiodofluorescein, and solvents were dispersed and the mixture was coated on subbed conductive paper and dried to obtain an electrophotog. plate. The plate was chargeable to 480 V and showed high sensitivity and low residual voltage. High resistance to pressure application and abrasion was also shown.

IT 118777-90-5

(binder, heat-curable, for electrophotog. plates)

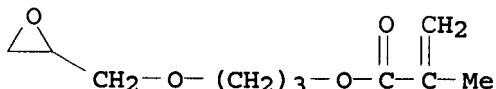
RN 118777-90-5 HCPLUS

CN Butanedioic acid, methylene-, polymer with ethyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate, methyl 2-propenoate and 3-(oxiranylmethoxy)propyl 2-methyl-2-propenoate (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

CM 1

CRN 118777-89-2

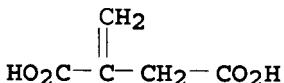
CMF C10 H16 O4



CM 2

CRN 97-65-4

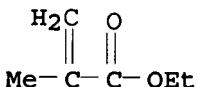
CMF C5 H6 O4



CM 3

CRN 97-63-2

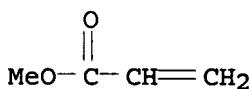
CMF C6 H10 O2



CM 4

CRN 96-33-3

CMF C4 H6 O2



IC ICM G03G005-05
 CC 74-3 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)
 Section cross-reference(s) : 38
 IT 118777-90-5
 (binder, heat-curable, for electrophotog. plates)

L19 ANSWER 22 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:31450 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:31450
 TITLE: Water-developable photosensitive resin composition, and resin or printing plate therefrom
 INVENTOR(S): Kimoto, Koichi; Umeda, Yasushi; Kawaguchi, Chitoshi; Kawanami, Toshitaka
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Paint Co., Ltd., Japan
 SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 15 pp.
 CODEN: EPXXDW
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 276092	A2	19880727	EP 1988-300308	19880115
EP 276092	A3	19890726		
EP 276092	B1	19930407		
R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE				
JP 63177127	A	19880721	JP 1987-8810	19870117
JP 08010328	B	19960131		
JP 63177128	A	19880721	JP 1987-8811	19870117
JP 08010329	B	19960131		
JP 63177129	A	19880721	JP 1987-8812	19870117
JP 63177125	A	19880721	JP 1987-8813	19870117
JP 08010330	B	19960131		
CA 1332212	C	19941004	CA 1988-556495	19880114
AU 8810311	A	19880721	AU 1988-10311	19880115
AU 600546	B2	19900816		
AT 88025	T	19930415	AT 1988-300308	19880115
US 5100763	A	19920331	US 1990-494917	19900312
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1987-8810	A 19870117
			JP 1987-8811	A 19870117
			JP 1987-8812	A 19870117
			JP 1987-8813	A 19870117
			EP 1988-300308	A 19880115
			US 1988-144820	B1 19880115

ED Entered STN: 21 Jan 1989
 AB A H₂O-developable photosensitive resin composition capable of

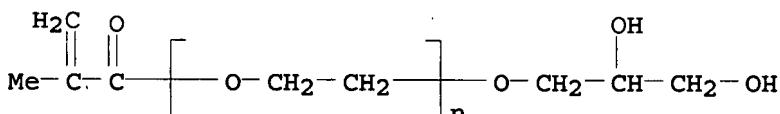
hot-melt molding at 60-130° comprises: (1) H₂O-sol/dispersible poly(vinyl alc.) prepared by saponifying (50-70 mol %) a copolymer of (a) a vinyl ester and (b) a monomer; (2) a polymerizable monomer; and (3) a photopolymer. initiator. The composition is useful for preparing relief printing plates without requiring a drying step, hence eliminating the possibility of environmental pollution. Thus, a Me acrylate-vinyl acetate copolymer was prepared, saponified and used in a photopolymerizable composition

IT 118181-76-3P 118181-77-4P

(preparation and use of, in hot-melt-moldable photoimaging composition)

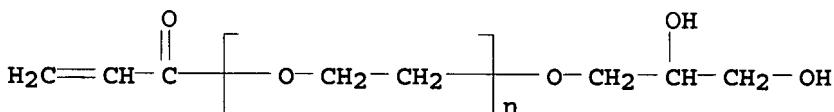
RN 118181-76-3 HCPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)-ω-(2,3-dihydroxypropoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 118181-77-4 HCPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)-ω-(2,3-dihydroxypropoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM G03F007-10

ICS G03C001-68

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT 87719-53-7P 118181-76-3P 118181-77-4P

118212-44-5P 118212-45-6P

(preparation and use of, in hot-melt-moldable photoimaging composition)

L19 ANSWER 23 OF 24 HCPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1989:31449 HCPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 110:31449

TITLE: Water-developable photosensitive resin composition, and resin or printing plate therefrom

Kimoto, Koichi; Umeda, Yasushi; Kawaguchi, Chitoshi; Kawanami, Toshitaka

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Nippon Paint Co., Ltd., Japan

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 14 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 276093	A2	19880727	EP 1988-300311	19880115
EP 276093	A3	19890719		
EP 276093	B1	19920729		

R: AT, BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, LI, NL, SE			
CA 1328048	C 19940329	CA 1988-556496	19880114
AU 8810310	A 19880721	AU 1988-10310	19880115
AU 601917	B2 19900920		
US 4935333	A 19900619	US 1988-144808	19880115
AT 78939	T 19920815	AT 1988-300311	19880115
JP 63314537	A 19881222	JP 1988-7884	19880118
JP 2563955	B2 19961218		
JP 01026844	A 19890130	JP 1988-7883	19880118
JP 2540577	B2 19961002		
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			
		JP 1987-8814	A 19870117
		JP 1987-8815	A 19870117
		EP 1988-300311	A 19880115

ED Entered STN: 21 Jan 1989

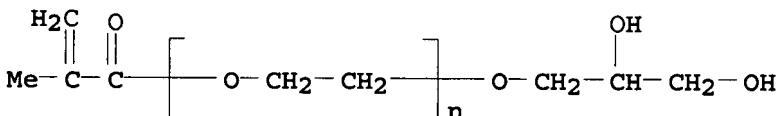
AB A H₂O-developable photosensitive resin composition capable of hot-melt molding at 60-130° comprises: (1) H₂O-soluble or H₂O-dispersible poly(vinyl alc.) having terminal mercapto groups prepared by saponifying (50-70 mol%) a copolymer prepared from (a) a nonionic monomer (0-20 mol%), (b) an ionic monomer (0-10 mol%, the total content of a and b 0.1-20 mol %), and (c) a vinyl ester in presence of a thiolic acid; (2) a polymerizable monomer; and (3) a photopolymer. initiator. The composition is useful for preparing relief printing plates which does not require a drying step, hence eliminating the possibility of environmental pollution. Thus, a vinyl acetate-Me acrylate-sodium 2-acrylamide-2-methylpropanesulfonate-thiolacetic acid telomer was hydrolyzed and used in a photosensitive resin plate composition

IT 118181-76-3P 118181-77-4P

(preparation and use of, in photopolymerizable composition)

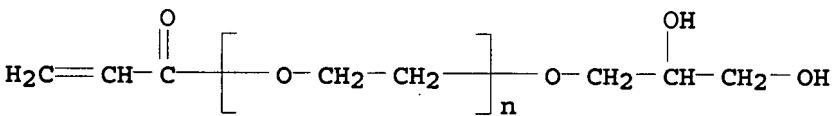
RN 118181-76-3 HCPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(2-methyl-1-oxo-2-propenyl)-ω-(2,3-dihydroxypropoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 118181-77-4 HCPLUS

CN Poly(oxy-1,2-ethanediyl), α-(1-oxo-2-propenyl)-ω-(2,3-dihydroxypropoxy)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



IC ICM G03F007-10

ICS G03C001-68

CC 74-6 (Radiation Chemistry, Photochemistry, and Photographic and Other Reprographic Processes)

IT Printing plates

(relief, hot-melt-moldable photosensitive compns. containing

thiol telomers for)
 IT 25736-86-1P 87719-53-7P 118181-76-3P 118181-77-4P
 118212-44-5P 118212-45-6P
 (preparation and use of, in photopolymerizable composition)

L19 ANSWER 24 OF 24 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2007 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1978:599214 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 89:199214
 TITLE: Ultraviolet curable aqueous coatings
 INVENTOR(S): McCarty, William H.
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Mobil Oil Corp., USA
 SOURCE: U.S., 4 pp.
 CODEN: USXXAM
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 4100047	A	19780711	US 1976-731144	19761012
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 1976-731144	A 19761012

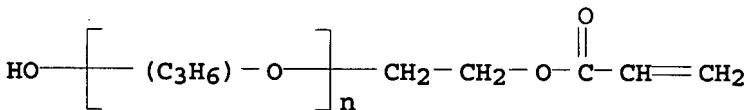
ED Entered STN: 12 May 1984
 AB UV-curable aqueous coating solns. contained a hydroxy functional ethylenically unsatd. material, an amino photoinitiator and a tetracarboxylic dianhydride, including benzophenone tetracarboxylic dianhydride, which is incorporated into the polymer and acts as a photosensitizer. Thus, polyethylene glycol hydroxyethyl acrylate ether 406, benzoquinone 0.023, benzophenone tetracarboxylic dianhydride 25, and pyromellitic dianhydride 92 g was heated 5 h at 70-5° and 61.6 g dimethylethanolamine and 250 g water added to give a coating with 70% solids content and Gardner-Holdt viscosity E-F. The coating was applied to a metal substrate and cured by passing under 2 200 W/in. medium pressure Hg lamps at 10 ft/min. in air. The cured coating was dry, nontacky and water-insol.

IT 68343-04-4
 (coatings, UV-curable)

RN 68343-04-4 HCAPLUS
 CN 1H,3H-Benzo[1,2-c:4,5-c']difuran-1,3,5,7-tetrone, polymer with 5,5'-carbonylbis[1,3-isobenzofurandione] and α-[2-[(1-oxo-2-propenyl)oxy]ethyl]-ω-hydroxypoly[oxy(methyl-1,2-ethanediyl)] (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

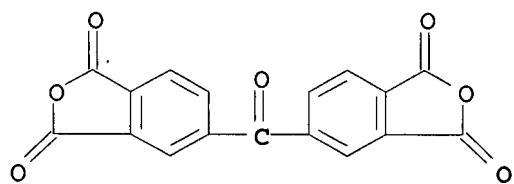
CM 1

CRN 60857-97-8
 CMF (C₃H₆O)_n C₅H₈O₃
 CCI IDS, PMS



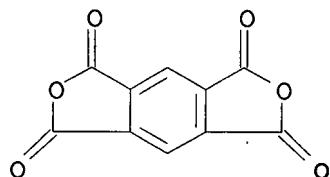
CM 2

CRN 2421-28-5
CMF C17 H6 O7



CM 3

CRN 89-32-7
CMF C10 H2 O6



IC C08F002-50
INCL 204159230
CC 42-7 (Coatings, Inks, and Related Products)
IT 68343-04-4
(coatings, UV-curable)

=> d his nofile

(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 13:40:16 ON 01 JUN 2007)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:55:23 ON 01 JUN 2007
ACT SAN690/A

L1 STR
L2 320 SEA SSS FUL L1

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 14:55:51 ON 01 JUN 2007
L3 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON US20060148925/PN
SEL RN

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 14:56:35 ON 01 JUN 2007
L4 6 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON (705980-72-9/BI OR 705980-73-0/BI OR
119692-59-0/BI OR 619-66-9/BI OR 709043-20-9/BI OR
9002-89-5/BI)

L5 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L4 AND L2
L6 STR
L7 17 SEA SUB=L2 SSS SAM L6
L8 320 SEA SUB=L2 SSS FUL L6
L9 268 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L8 NOT 1-100/N
L10 220 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L9 NOT 1-100/SI
L11 217 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L10 NOT 1-100/P
L12 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 AND L4
L13 175 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L11 NOT 1-100/X
L14 2 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L13 AND L4
L15 STR L6
L16 0 SEA SUB=L2 SSS SAM L15
L17 0 SEA SUB=L2 SSS FUL L15

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 15:10:52 ON 01 JUN 2007
L18 137 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L13
L19 24 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L18 AND (PHOTORESIS? OR PHOTOSENSIT?)
L20 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L19 AND L3
L21 9 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L14/DP OR L14/D
L22 0 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L21 NOT L18